

Opioid addiction affects all ages, races, genders.

CENTER FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION (CDC) CALLS THE RATE OF OPIOID USE "PUBLIC HEALTH EPIDEMIC."

Opioid-based pain medications were first developed and approved for the most severe forms of pain, such as patients suffering from cancer-related symptoms or for short-term use after major surgery. However, since the 1990s the pharmaceutical and medical community have aggressively marketed these drugs as non-addictive medications suitable for all types of pain symptoms.

Contact us today for a [free consultation](#).



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Since 1999, the amount of prescription opioids sold in the United States has nearly quadrupled.

259 MILLION

In 2012 health care providers wrote 259 million prescriptions for opioid painkillers—enough to medicate every adult in America around the clock for a month.

2 MILLION

By 2014, nearly two million Americans were either abusing or dependent on opioids.

80%

Americans consume 80% of the opioids supplied around the world and 99% of the worldwide hydrocodone supply.

500,000

From 2000 to 2014 nearly 500,000 people died from overdosing on opioids.

78 PER DAY

Seventy-eight Americans die every day from opioid overdoses.

1 IN 6

Of the 2,900 babies born last year in Cabell County, West Virginia, 500 had to be weaned off of opioid dependence.

1 IN 4

CDC: 1 in 4 people who receive opioids for non-cancer pain in primary care settings struggle with addiction.

183,000

From 1999 to 2015, more than 183,000 people died in the U.S. from overdoses related to prescription opioids.